

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

May 8, 2019

For May 23, 2019 Hearing

TO:

John Iurino

Zoning Examiner

FROM:

lanning & Development Services

Interim Director

SUBJECT:

SPECIAL EXCEPTION LAND USE

PLANNING & AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES REPORT

Mayor and Council Special Exception Procedure SE-19-04 Verizon – Grant Road, C-1 (Ward 6)

<u>Issue</u> – This is a request by Patrick Hunter of Pinnacle Consulting on behalf of Verizon Wireless, for approval of a wireless communication facility (WCF). The special exception site is located approximately 140 feet south of Grant Road and 400 feet east of Country Club Road (see Case Location Map). The preliminary development plan (PDP) proposes a wireless communication tower disguised as a broadleaf tree (monoelm), 50 feet in height, with six antennas. The WCF will be placed within a 900 square foot (30 feet by 30 feet) lease area in the southwestern corner of a 0.34-acre parcel. The existing use of the property is an auto glass and window tinting business. The WCF will be located behind and southwest of the auto glass store building within the parking lot area.

A communications use of this type in the C-1 zone is subject to Sections 4.9.13.O and 4.9.4.I.2, .3, and .7 of the *Unified Development Code* (*UDC*) and requires approval through a Mayor & Council Special Exception Procedure, Sec. 3.4.4, because the tower does not meet a 2 to 1 setback from R-2 (residential) zoned property located immediately to the southwest of the proposed WCF. Documentation provided by the applicant indicates that no practical alternative exists, and measures are being taken to conceal or disguise the tower and antenna from view by using a stealth monoelm design.

The Mayor & Council Special Exception Procedure requires a public hearing before the Zoning Examiner after which the Zoning Examiner forwards a recommendation to the Mayor and Council for a decision to grant the request with, or without, conditions or to deny the request. The Mayor and Council may also forward the request to the Design Review Board (DRB) for design review and recommendation.

<u>Planning & Development Services Department Recommendation</u> – The Planning & Development Services Department recommends approval of the special exception request, subject to the attached preliminary conditions.

Background Information

Existing Land Use: Auto glass and window tinting store parking area.

Zoning Description:

C-1: This zone provides for low-intensity, commercial and other uses that are compatible with adjacent residential uses. Residential and other related uses are permitted.

Surrounding Zones and Land Uses:

North: Zoned R-2; TUSD Doolen Middle School (across Grant Road)

South: Zoned C-2; Automated car wash and vehicle parking

East: Zoned C-2; Automated car wash West: Zoned C-1; Retail Commercial

Previous Cases on the Property: None

Related Cases:

<u>SE-18-15 T-Mobile – Valencia Road, C-1 Zone</u> – This was a request for approval of a wireless communication facility disguised as a broadleaf tree (monoelm), 70 feet in height in the C-1 zone. The special exception site is located approximately 400 feet south of Valencia Road and 1,400 feet east of 12th Avenue. On July 10, 2018, the Mayor and Council adopted Ordinance No. 11570, allowing the special exception.

<u>SE-15-14 Verizon - Grant Road, C-1 Zone - This was a request for approval of a wireless communication facility concealed within an artificial palm tree, 60 feet in height and associated equipment as a special exception land use in the C-1 zone. The special exception site is located 95 feet north of Grant Road and 67 feet west of Columbus Boulevard. On July 7, 2015, the Mayor and Council adopted Ordinance No. 11288, allowing the special exception.</u>

<u>SE-15-11 Verizon – Swan Road, C-1 Zone</u> – This was a request for approval of a wireless communication facility concealed within an artificial pine tree (monopine), 60 feet in height and associated equipment as a special exception land use. The site is located approximately 300 feet south of Camp Lowell Road and 150 feet west of Swan Road. On September 9, 2015, the Mayor and Council adopted Ordinance No. 11301, allowing the special exception.

<u>Applicant's Request</u> – The applicant requests special exception approval for the placement of a 50-foot high wireless communications facility disguised as a broadleaf tree (monoelm) with associated ground equipment on a C-1 zoned parcel with commercial auto glass and tint use.

Planning Considerations – Land use policy direction for this area is provided by the Grant-Alvernon Area Plan (GAAP) and Plan Tucson. According to the GAAP the special exception site is located within an Office, Neighborhood Commercial, and High-Density Residential area. For this area plan designation, the plan contains guidance on wireless communication facilities in Office and Commercial Land Use Policy 6, which discourages wireless communication antenna arrays unless concealed, disguised, or collocated on existing buildings or structures. Office and Commercial Land Use Policy 2 encourages incorporating appropriate design elements and buffering techniques during the zoning application and associated land review processes, to ensure sensitive design of nonresidential developments adjacent to established neighborhoods.

The rezoning site is located within a mixed-use corridor as identified on the Future Growth Scenario Map of *Plan Tucson*. Mixed-use corridors combine a variety of housing options, retail, services, office, and public gathering places, located close to each other, providing occupants of the center and the residents and workers in the surrounding neighborhoods with local access to goods and services. *Plan Tucson* policies protect established residential neighborhoods by supporting compatible development, including non-residential uses, where the scale and intensity of use is compatible with adjacent uses. Policies require that wireless communication facilities be located, installed and maintained to minimize visual impacts and preserve views, and call for improving the appearance of above-ground utilities and structures and extending access to high-tech wireless communication facilities throughout the city.

The proposal in general compliance with *Grant-Alvernon Area Plan* and *Plan Tucson*, and does not require a plan amendment. The plan policies generally support new cell tower proposals when designed to minimize visual impacts on surrounding neighborhoods and when buffering is provided.

The Pima Association of Governments - Transportation Planning Division (PAG-TPD) estimates that the proposed development will not generate additional measurable vehicle trips per day. Field inspection by staff indicates there are currently no billboards on the rezoning site.

Design Considerations

<u>Land Use Compatibility</u> – The proposed monoelm will include two antennas per sector with three sectors for a total of six antennas. The applicant has submitted photo-simulations of the monoelm showing the antennas concealed by artificial branches. The applicant has also provided radio frequency maps showing a gap in wireless communication coverage in the area and how this gap will be resolved by the proposed WCF.

The nearest residential development consists of two single family homes, zoned R-2, located approximately 200 feet to the southwest of the site. The nearest single-family home subdivision, zoned R-2, is located approximately 250 feet to the east. While the monoelm will be partially screened from adjacent development by existing nearby commercial buildings, it will be visible from surrounding residential neighborhoods, commercial development, the middle school north of Grant Road and from other nearby streets. Staff acknowledges that the proposed WCF will help improve telecom services to the established neighborhoods and businesses in the area.

The wireless communication facility will be set back from Grant Road by approximately 140 feet, and will be placed within a 900-square foot (30' by 30') lease area in the southwestern corner of the parking area for the existing auto glass and window tinting business. Ground equipment will be housed inside equipment cabinets, located on a concrete slab, and will be screened from view by an 8-foot high masonry wall. Staff recommends that any graffiti be removed within 72 hours of observation.

The proposal does not include a permanent backup generator. However, a plug-in for a portable generator is shown on the PDP within the enclosure to allow for emergency backup power if needed.

In terms of wireless communication facilities, a stealth application is one that disguises the appearance of the pole and antennas to look like an element of the built or natural landscape, which could typically occur at the chosen location. A stealth application should be as close as possible in scale and appearance to the object it is disguised as, with no obvious unnatural elements. The success of a stealth application is dependent on the ability of the design and construction of the cellular site to fit into its surroundings to such a degree that it is not noticeable. Scale and proportion, site design, color, and materials, are particularly important in stealth applications insofar as they contribute, or do not contribute, to the ability of the facility to be as unobtrusive as possible. To ensure a successful stealth monoelm at this location, the following standards should be incorporated into the conditions:

- The monoelm shall not exceed 50 feet in height at top of the highest point;
- The pole shall be covered with cladding (bark) where visible, and painted to resemble a live tree;
- Replacement of lost/damaged branches to be completed within ten working days of observation;
- All cables shall be run inside the pole, with no foot pegs or other visible appurtenances:
- All wires, wire ports and equipment shall be concealed behind the artificial branches and leaves;
- Antenna panels shall be colored or provided with a sock in a light/shade pattern to better camouflage them;
- Ground equipment to be screened by a masonry wall.
- Any future collocated antennas shall be camouflaged and concealed by artificial branches and leaves.

<u>Road Improvements/Vehicular Access/Circulation</u> — No road improvements are proposed with the project. Primary vehicular access to the WCF will be through the existing curb cuts and onsite parking area access lanes, and is identified by a 12-foot wide access easement from Grant Road. According to the *Major Streets and Routes Plan*, Grant Road is designated as an arterial street with a future right-of-way of 120 feet.

<u>Federal Regulations</u> — Because this Special Exception application involves a wireless communication request, the Zoning Examiner's consideration of the application is impacted by the application of federal laws specific to wireless communications. While federal law does not entirely preempt local decision-making authority based on legitimate zoning requirements, such as community aesthetics and compliance with stealthing requirements, it does impose the following limitations:

- The decision on the application must occur within the "shot clock" period as provided under federal law, which for this type of application is 150 days. In this case, the application was accepted on April 3, 2019 and the "shot clock" period will expire on August 31, 2019. If a decision is not rendered within the "shot clock" period, the review and consideration process is presumed to be unreasonable and affords the applicant the opportunity to file a lawsuit. If sued, the City would need to prove that it acted "reasonably" when it failed to act within the established "shot clock" period. This means that the Zoning Examiner should come to a decision on this application within two weeks of the public hearing.
- 2) The evaluation of the request cannot include consideration of potential environmental or health effects of radio-frequency (RF) emissions where, as here, the facility will comply with FCC regulations and standard on such emissions.
- The decision on the application cannot unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services. A denial may be deemed to be "unreasonable discrimination" if the applicant is similarly situated to other prior applicants and the proposed facility is no more intrusive than other prior applications that have been approved.
- The decision may not have the effect of prohibiting the provision of wireless services, or of causing a significant gap in the applying provider's coverage. In this context, the relevant issues are: (1) whether the applicant has shown a significant gap in service coverage; and (2) whether the proposal to fill this gap is the least intrusive means of doing so, or whether there are alternative sites that would fill the gap.
- In the event of a denial, that decision and its reasons must be delivered to the applicant in writing, and must be supported by substantial evidence. Given these constraints, the Zoning Examiner's consideration and decision on this application should focus on whether the applicant has demonstrated a significant coverage gap; whether that gap

could be addressed through an installation at an alternative site; and whether the proposed concealment/stealthing measures are sufficient to meet the City's requirements. The Zoning Examiner should also consider how this application compares to other prior applications for similar facilities. In the event of a denial, the reasons for the denial must be stated so they can be incorporated into a written decision and captured in the meeting minutes.

<u>Use-Specific Standards</u> – The applicant's proposal requires approval as a Mayor and Council Special Exception and must meet the Use-Specific Standards of *UDC* Sections 4.9.13.O and 4.9.4.I.2, .3, and .7. The Mayor and Council may forward the request to the Design Review Board for design review and recommendation. Below is an analysis of the performance criteria.

4.9.4.I.7

The following requires approval as a special exception in accordance with Section 3.4.4, *Mayor and Council Special Exception Procedure*.

- a. Wireless communication antennas, provided:
 - (1) The tower or antennas are not permitted by other provisions of this section.

The 50-foot tall monopelm in the C-1 zone does not conform to other sections of the code because does not meet 2:1 setback from adjacent R-2 residentially zoned property.

(2) New towers require a minimum separation of one mile from any existing tower, regardless of ownership, unless documentation establishes that no practical alternative exists.

The nearest existing wireless communications facilities (WCF's) are approximately 1,000 feet to the southwest of the proposed site, west of Country Club Road, and 1,600 feet to the east of the proposed site, north of Grant Road. These facilities are not suitable to fit within the existing sites on Verizon's network. The search ring to resolve the coverage gap has a radius of approximately 0.25 miles.

(3) All appropriate measures shall be taken to conceal or disguise the tower and antenna from external view.

The tower will be disguised as a broadleaf tree (monoelm).

(4) All appropriate measures shall be taken to reduce the negative proliferation of visible towers and antennae by the collocation of new antennae on existing towers

or with the facilities of other providers which are located or planned for development within the proposed service area.

The nearest existing WCF is approximately 1,000 feet to the southwest and is suited for colocation at an adequate height to provide coverage. The search ring to resolve the coverage gap has a radius of approximately 0.25 miles.

(5) Notice shall be provided to all agents designated at least 15 days prior to the date of the public hearing before the Zoning Examiner.

All policies of the Mayor and Council Special Exception Process shall be followed accordingly.

Staff finds the proposal to be in compliance with the *UDC* Use-Specific Standards.

<u>Conclusion</u> – The proposal is in compliance with the performance criteria for a wireless communication facility. The special exception request is consistent with policy direction in the *Grant-Alvernon Area Plan* and *Plan Tucson*, which support development designed to be compatible with and sensitive to surrounding land uses. The proposed WCF has been designed to blend in with the surroundings and does not conflict with plan policies. Subject to compliance with the attached preliminary conditions, approval of the requested special exception is appropriate.

PROCEDURAL

- 1. A site plan in substantial compliance with the preliminary development plan dated January 29, 2019, is to be submitted and approved in accordance with *Administrative Manual*, Section 2-06.
- 2. The property owner shall execute a waiver of potential claims under A.R.S. Sec. 12-1134 for this zoning amendment as permitted by A.R.S. Sec. 12-1134 (I) in the form approved by the City Attorney and titled "Agreement to Waive Any Claims Against the City for Special Exception Land Use".
- 3. Historic or prehistoric features or artifacts discovered during future ground disturbing activities should be reported to the City of Tucson Archaeologist. Pursuant to A.R.S. 41-865 the discovery of human remains and associated objects found on private lands in Arizona must be reported to the Director of Arizona State Museum.
- 4. Any relocation, modification, etc., of existing utilities and/or public improvements necessitated by the proposed development shall be at no expense to the public.
- 5. Five years are allowed from the date of initial authorization to implement and effectuate all Code requirements and conditions of the special exception land use.
- 6. A copy of the Special Exception decision letter shall be included with the site plan at the time of permit application submittal.
- 7. Plans for future carriers must be approved through a separate special exception process.
- 8. According to the FAA Notice Criteria Tool, this project is located in proximity to a navigation facility and could impact navigation signal reception. The applicant shall file Form 7460 with the FAA at https://oeaaa.faa.gov/oeaaa/external/portal.jsp at least 45 days before construction activities begin in order to allow sufficient time to respond to any concerns which are identified by the FAA. Any cranes used which are used must also be identified with Form 7460.

LAND USE COMPATABILITY / CONCEALMENT MEASURES

- 9. The wireless communication monoelm, including attachments such as antenna panels and artificial branches and leaves, shall not exceed fifty (50) feet in height from grade elevation.
- 10. The antennas shall be covered in camouflaged socks to blend with the colors of the artificial branches and leaves of the monoelm.

- 11. The pole shall be covered with cladding (faux bark) wherever the pole is visible, and be painted to resemble a live broadleaf tree.
- 12. Replacement of lost/damaged artificial branches/leaves is to be completed within ten (10) working days of observation and artificial branches/leaves shall be colored to match live branches/leaves as closely as possible.
- 13. Verizon shall routinely monitor the facility and repair/replace any artificial branches that may become worn or damaged through time.
- 14. All wire ports shall be concealed behind the antennas and all equipment shall be mounted behind the antenna panels.
- 15. Ground equipment and monoelm to be located within lease area as depicted on the preliminary development plan dated January 29, 2019.
- 16. All walls visible from a public right-of-way and/or adjacent to existing residential development are to be painted with graffiti-resistant paint.
- 17. Six-(6) inch wide fence block or greater shall be used for perimeter walls. Graffiti shall be removed from walls within seventy-two (72) hours of discovery or notification.
- 18. There shall be no exterior wiring, visible footpegs, portals, cabling or cable shrouds, or other unnatural appearing features on the monoelm.

AGREEMENT TO WAIVE ANY CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY FOR ZONING AMENDMENT

This agreement ("Agreement") is entered into between
, as the owner of the property described herein ("Owner") and
the City of Tucson("City") to waive any and all claims for diminution of value that may be
based upon action by the City in response to a request from the Owner. This Agreement is
entered into in conformance with A.R.S. §12-1134(I).
The Owner is the holder of fee title to the property located at
, Tucson, Arizona, (the "Property") which is more fully described in the
Owner's application to the City in Case <u>SE-19-04</u> and incorporated herein. The Owner, or
the authorized agent of the Owner, has submitted an application to the City requesting that
the City grant a Special Exception Land Use for the Property. The Owner has requested
this action because the Owner has plans for the development of the Property that require
the Special Exception Land Use. The Owner believes that the Special Exception Land Use
for the Property will increase the value and development potential of the Property, and that
this outweighs any rights or remedies that may be obtained under A.R.S. §12-1134 et. seq.

By signing this Agreement, the Owner waives any right or claim that may arise under A.R.S. §12-1134, including any claim for the reduction in the value of the Property, as a result of the enactment of the Special Exception Land Use in Case SE-19-04.

The Owner understands that City staff may propose, the Zoning Examiner may recommend and the Mayor and Council may adopt conditions to the requested Special Exception Land Use that limit the potential development of the Property. The Owner acknowledges that the Special Exception Land Use and conditions are a single, integrated legislative approval. The Owner agrees and consents to all conditions that may be imposed. The Owner retains the right to withdraw the Special Exception Land Use application prior to a vote by the Mayor and Council or to decline to implement the necessary requirements to effectuate the Special Exception Land Use if the Owner disagrees with any conditions that are proposed or approved. If the Owner does not withdraw the application, the Owner shall be deemed to have accepted all adopted conditions to the requested Special Exception Land Use. If the Owner withdraws the application or does not effectuate the Special Exception Land Use, this Agreement is null and void.

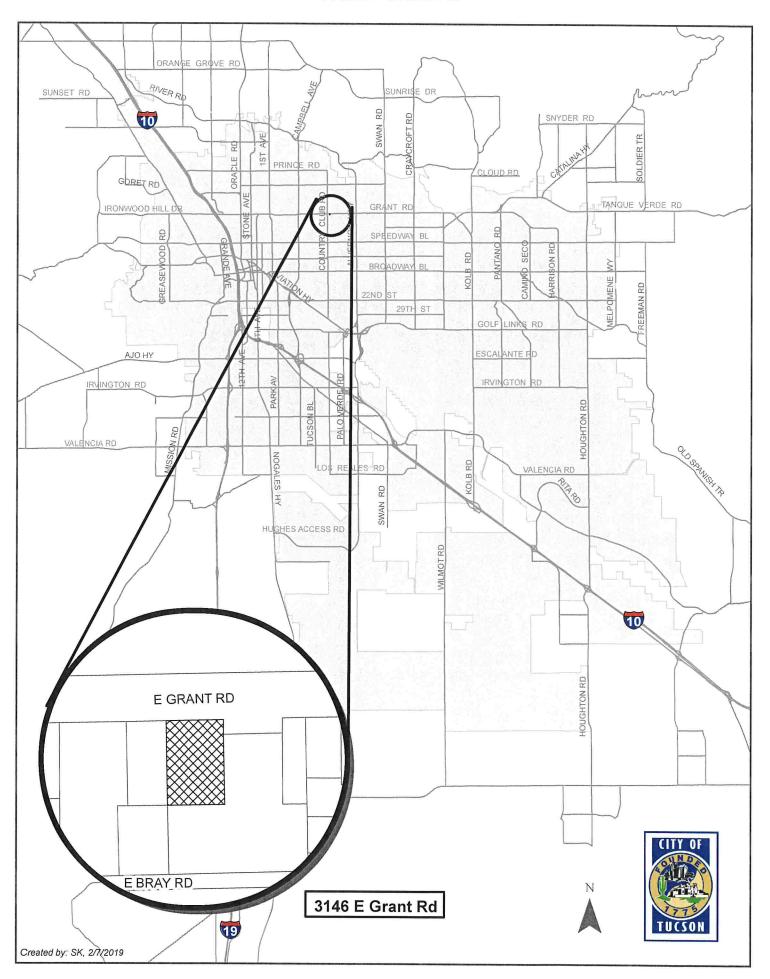
This Agreement is entered into in Arizona and will be construed and interpreted under the laws of the State of Arizona. The Owner has agreed to the form of this Agreement provided and approved by the City Attorney. The Owner has had the opportunity to consult with an attorney of the Owner's choice prior to entering this Agreement and enters it fully understanding that the Owner is waiving the rights and remedies as set forth herein.

Upon execution, this Agreement shall be recorded in the Office of the Pima County Recorder.

The Owner warrants and represents that the person or persons listed herein as the Owner is/are the owner in fee title of the Property. The Owner further agrees to indemnify and hold the City of Tucson, its officers, employees and agents harmless from any and all claims, causes of action, demands, losses, costs and expenses based upon an alleged reduction of value of the Property as a result of the City's action in Case <u>SE-19-04</u>.

	Dated this	day of		, 20	1
Owne	er:		Ow	ner:	
	(Name of Individual, Co LLC, as applicable)	rporation, Partnership, or			poration, Partnership, or
By: (Signature of Owner or Autl	norized Representative, if	_ By:	(Signature of Owner or Auth	orized Representative, if
6	applicable)			applicable)	
Its: _	Fitle of Individual Signing ir	Representative Capacity)	_ Its:	(Title of Individual Signing in	Representative Capacity)
State	of Arizona)			
Coun	ty of)			
On th	is day	of		, 20, before me pe	ersonally appeared
		on the bas	sis of sa	tisfactory evidence to	be the person who
he or	she claims to be, a	nd acknowledged that h	ne or sh	e signed the above/at	tached document.
			Not	om Dublis	
			NOI	ary Public	
My C	ommission expires:				
					
City o	ıf Tucson, an Arizor	na municipal Corporatio	n:		
By: _	Planning & Developi	ment Services Departm	ent		
		oved by the City Attorne			

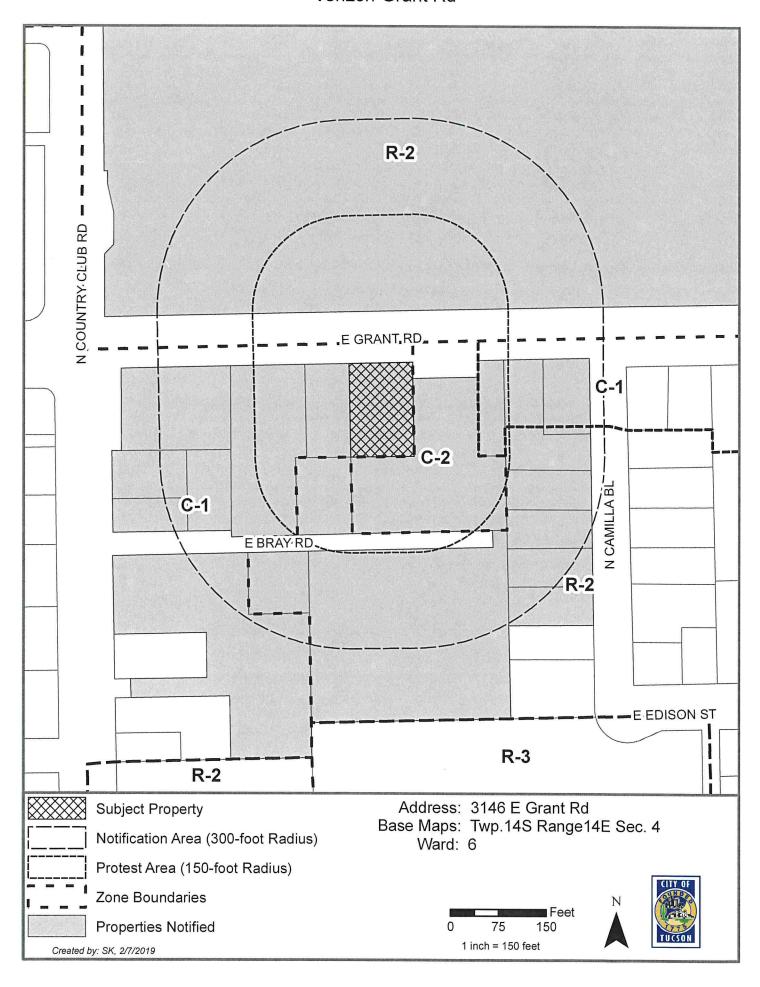
SE-19-04Verizon-Grant Rd

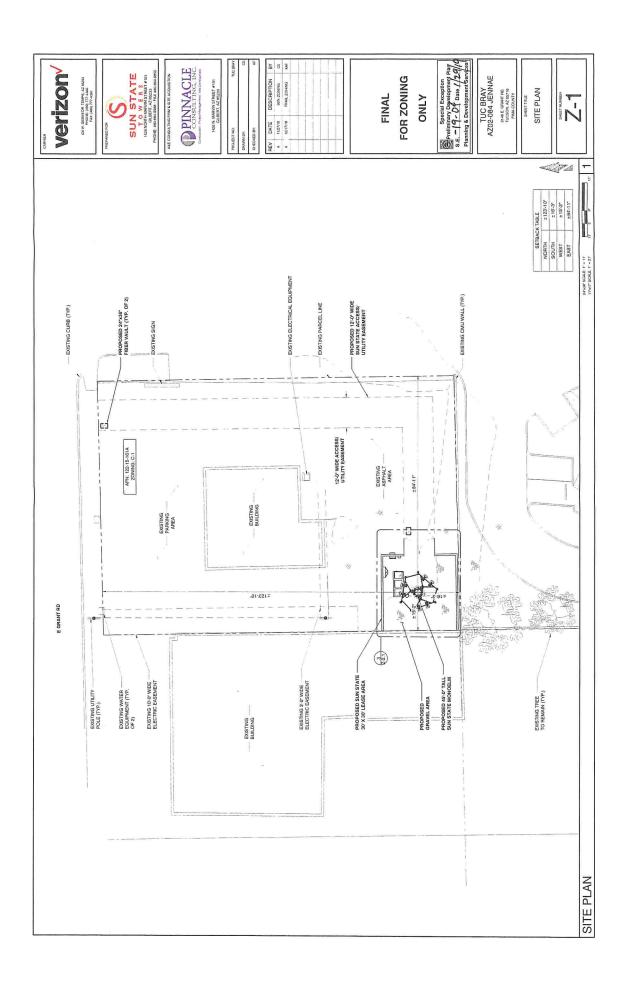


SE-19-04Verizon-Grant Rd



SE-19-04Verizon-Grant Rd





Approval - Protest Form



If you wish to submit a written protest or approval, this form is provided for your convenience. Please print your comments below, sign your name, and mail to the Rezoning Section of the Planning & Development Services Department at the address on the reverse side (you will need to attach postage). The number of approvals and protests along with protest calculations will be reported at the Zoning Examiner's public hearing.

Approvals and protests must have an owner's signature to be recorded.

Case SE-19-04 Verizon – Grant Road Ward #6, C-1 Zone The proposal is for a wireless communication tower 50 feet in overall height, disguised as a broadleaf tree (monoelm), with associated ground equipment. The project site is located approximately 140 feet south of Grant Road and 400 feet east of Country Club Road.									
APPROVE the proposed rezoning. [We the undersigned property owners, wish to PROTEST the proposed rezoning.									
Reason:									
	=								
				8					
PLEASE PRINT YOUR NAME		SE PRINT G ADDRESS	LEGA	PLEASE PRINT LEGAL PROPERTY DESCRIPTION					
			Subdivision	Block	Lot				
Owner's Signature:			Date						

Place Stamp Here

City of Tucson Planning & Development Services 201 N. Stone P.O. Box 27210 Tucson, Arizona 85726-7210

SE-19-04

Expose this flap - Affix stamp and return



City of Tucson PMc
Planning & Development Services
Rezoning Section
201 N. Stone Avenue
P.O. BOX 27210
Tucson, Arizona 85726-7210